THE NEW ENCYCLOPEDIA OF STAGE HYPNOTISM

By ORMOND McGILL

The New Encyclopedia of Stage Hypnotism

Ormond McGill



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Table of Contents

	ynexiii oberts, Ph.Dxvii
Preface	ng Hypnotism1
Chapter One	Understanding Hypnotism9 What is Hypnotism?9 Characteristics of Hypnosis9 Some Theory on Hypnotism11
Chapter Two	The Power of Suggestion15
Chapter Three	Presenting Suggestions that Influence
Chapter Four	Your Hypnotic Power23
Chapter Five	Résumé of Hypnotic Phenomena
Chapter Six	Questions and Answers about Hypnotism35
Learning How to Use	e the Power of Suggestion39
Chapter Seven	Initial Hypnotic Training41 Test One: Muscular Relaxation41 Test Two: Drawing a Person Over Backward42 Test Three: Drawing a Person Over Forward44
Chapter Eight	A Milestone in Personal Influence47 Locking the Subject's Hands Together47 <i>Modus Operandi</i> for Performing the Test47

Chapter Nine	The Art of Waking Hypnosis51
Chapter Ten	Waking Hypnosis on the Stage57 Harry Aron's Arms-Rising-and-Falling Test 57 Hands and Fingers Testing58 De Waldoza's Show of Waking Hypnosis60
Chapter Eleven	Further Experiments in Waking Hypnosis 63 Stiffening the Subject's Leg 63 Stiffening the Subject's Arm 64 Fastening Open the Subject's Mouth 65 So He Cannot Close It 65 Causing the Subject To Forget His Name 66 Stuttering Test and Name Amnesia 66 The Hand-shaking Test 67 Fastening a Stick to the Subject's Hands 68 Making it Impossible for the Subject 69 Making it Impossible for the Subject 69 Variation and Amplification of the 70
Learning How to I	Aypnotise by Hypnotising73
Chapter Twelve	Background for Hypnotising75

Chapter Twelve	Background for Hypnotising	75
,	The Depth Levels of Hypnosis	
	Hypnotism and the Suggestion of Sleep	
	Stage Dismissal Decorum	
	The Questions of Amnesia	
	On Concluding the Show	
Chapter Thirteen	A Basic Method of Hypnotising	87
	The Hypnodisc	
	The Sleep Mood	87
	The Hypnotic Induction	89
Chapter Fourteen	Awakening the Subject	95
Chapter Fifteen	The Ormond McGill Method	97
Chapter Sixteen	The Relaxation Method	103
Chapter Seventeen	The Ideomotor Method	109

Chapter Eighteen	The Master Method of Hypnotism113The Interview113The Induction114The Awakening122The Rehypnotisation123
A Pot-pourri of Hypno	otising Methods127
Chapter Nineteen	The "Eye Blinking" Method129
Chapter Twenty	The "Visual Imagery" Method131
Chapter Twenty-One	The "Clock Dial" Method133
Chapter Twenty-Two	The "Light and Shadow" Method135
Chapter Twenty-Three	The "Body Rocking" Method139
Chapter Twenty-Four	The "Loss of Equilibrium" Method141
Chapter Twenty-Five	The "Pendulum Over Spiral" Method145
Chapter Twenty-Six	The "Arm Levitation" Method147
Chapter Twenty-Seven	The "Candy Induction" Method151
Chapter Twenty-Eight	The "Fatigue Out-of-Focus" Method153
Chapter Twenty-Nine	The "Musical" Method155 The Music Method of Hypnotic Induction .155
Chapter Thirty	The "Outside/Inside" Method157
Chapter Thirty-One	The Biofeedback Method159
Chapter Thirty-Two	The "Acupressure" Method161
Chapter Thirty-Three	The Marx Howell Nonverbal Hypnotic Induction167
Chapter Thirty-Four	The Chakra Colours Hypnotic Induction171Brain Waves

Chapter Thirty-Five	Ormond McGill's "Guardian Angel" Stage Hypnotism Method	177
Chapter Thirty-Six	A Condensation of 95 Methods of	
	Hypnotising Gathered From Around the World	179
Chapter Thirty-Seven	Instantaneous Method of Hypnotising	221
, ,	The Posthypnotic Method	
	The Expectancy Method	222
	The Sudden-Jerk Method	222
	The Toothache Method	
	The Head-Rap Method	223
	The Release-From-Tension Method	
	From Waking Hypnosis Into Profound	
	Hypnosis On The Instant!	224
	Two "Sleeper" Methods of Instant	
	Hypnotism	226
	The "Hypnoheat" Method	
Chapter Thirty-Eight	Techniques for Deepening Hypnosis	231
1 5 6	The Staircase Technique	
	The Elevator Technique	
	Hypnotic Physical Movement Responses	
	that Increase Depth of Hypnosis	
	Fractional Hypnotism Technique	
	More on Somnambulism	
-		
Rounding Out Your	Hypnotic Knowledge	237
Chapter Thirty-Nine	Hypnotising Children	239
Chapter Forty	Hypnotism and the Sense of Time	243
Chapter Forty-One	Woman's Place in Hypnotism	245
Chapter Forty-Two	The Extraordinary Phenomena of Hypnotism	n .247
1 5	Mesmerism versus Hypnotism	
	The Magnetic/Mesmeric Method	
	The Blue-Light Method	
	Supernormal Phenomena	
	Hyperaesthesia of the Senses	
	ESP Experiments in Hypnosis	
	1 /1	

Chapter Forty-Three	Hypnotic Tips and Bits	257
	Use Preliminary Experiments	
	Establish Confidence	
	Do Not Boast	
	Keep Your Promises	
	Use Deepening Techniques	
	Gradation of Responses	
	Illusions versus Hallucinations	
	Producing Anaesthesia	
	Complete Body Catalepsy	259
	Pressing Upon the Eyelid to Induce	
	Hypnosis	259
	Using a Combination of Methods to	
	Induce Hypnosis	259
	Keeping Others from Influencing Your	
	Subjects	259
	Preventing Others from Hypnotising You	260
	How to Transfer Hypnotic Control	
	Subtle Symptoms of Hypnosis	
	Increasing Hypnotic Responsiveness via	
	Posthypnosis	261
	Hypnotising by Telephone	
	Hypnotising by Mail	
	The Crystal Ball Method of Hypnotising	
	Hypnotising a Group of Subjects	
	Simultaneously on Stage	263
	Causing the Subject to Blush	
	Hypnotising in Natural Sleep	
	On the Use of Passes	
	Supplementing the Effect of Suggestions	
	On Awakening Difficult Subjects	
	0,	
	Awaken Subjects with Confidence	205
	Awakening a Subject Someone Else has	200
	Hypnotised	
	Self-induced Hysteria	
	Vitality Hypnosis	
	And now, practise, practise, and practise!	
	Now, read, read, and read!	273
Dest Truck Finland	na with Hannatian	075
	ng with Hypnotism	
Preliminaries to the H	ypnotism Show	277
Chapter Forty-Four	An Introduction to Entertaining With	
	Hypnotism by Gil Boyne	279

Chapter Forty-Five	First Understanding	281
Chapter Forty-Six	You as a Stage Hypnotist Qualifications of the Hypnotic Entertainer Three Basics for Successful Stage	
	Hypnotism	284
	Advantages of the Hypnotism Show	
	Your Appearance as a Hypnotist	
	Performing Attitude	
	Audience Acceptance	
	Subject Welfare	
Chapter Forty-Seven	Secrets of Successful Stage Hypnotism	289
Chapter Forty Secon	Expectancy	
	The Stage Situation	
	The Importance of Importance	
	Social Approval	
	Group Size, Age, and Sex	
	Judging Your Committee	
	Assembling the Committee	
	Group Hypnotism	
	Progressive Selling	
	The High Pressure of Stage Hypnotism	
	Repetition and Clearness of Suggestions	
	One Thing at a Time	
	Don't Expect Too Much	
	Use Your Best Subjects	
	Trance Depth in Stage Hypnosis	
	Keeping the Subjects Entranced	
	Simulation	
	Deliberate Faking	
	Making Your Show Personal	
	Be Alert on Stage – Always	295
Chapter Forty-Eight	Hypnotism as Entertainment	297
	The Presentation of Modern Stage Hypnotism	297
	Make Your Hypnotic Phenomena Visual	299
	Emphasise your Hypnotic Effects	
	Speed and Timing in the Hypnotism Show	
	The Skeleton of the Hypnotism Show	
Chapter Forty-Nine	Five Important Extra Tips	303
	Tip 1: The Subject is Listening	
	Tip 2: Subject Double-talk	
	Tip 3: Hypnotised Subject's Agreement	

	Tip 4: Involve Yourself in the Action
Chapter Fifty	Hypnotic Show Programming
The Hypnotism Show	
Chapter Fifty-One	Opening the Hypnotism Show
Chapter Fifty-Two	The Invitation to Come on Stage
Chapter Fifty-Three	Getting the Best Subjects on Stage
Chapter Fifty-Four	The Committee on the Stage
Chapter Fifty-Five	Initial Hypnotising of the Committee
Chapter Fifty-Six	A Complete Hypnotism Show

	Second Individual Experiment:	
	"Muscular Catalepsy"	351
	Third Group Experiment	
	Fourth Group Experiment	
	Further Waking-Hypnosis Experiments	
	with Individual Subjects	356
	Fifth Group Experiment	
	Sixth Group Experiment	
	Experiments for the Front Group	
	Of Subjects	371
	Seventh Group Experiment	
	Eighth Group Test	
Chapter Fifty-Seven	Climaxing the Hypnotism Show	383
	The Tex Morton Posthypnotic Climax	
	The Michael Dean Posthypnotic Climax .	
	The Pat Collins Posthypnotic Climax	
	The Dance Contest Climax	
Hypnotism Show Ro	outines	389
Chapter Fifty-Eight	Further Ormond McGill Routines	391
1 55 8	The Hypnotic Exercisers	
	The Boxing Test	
	The Rowing Test	
	The "Elixir of Youth and Old Age" Test	
	The Rain Storm	
	Asleep in the Audience	
	The Frankenstein Monster	
	The Invisible Hypnotist	
	The Seasick Test	
	Going for a Swim	
	The Barbershop Quartet	
	Money, Money On the Floor	
	The Aeroplane Trip	
	The Flying Saucer and a Trip to Mars	
	The Hindu Rope Trick	
	School Days	
	Developing Routines For Your Own Show	
Chapter Fifty-Nine	The Great Hollywood Motion Picture Screen Test	405
	Impersonation of Favourite Movie and	
	TV Stars	
	Being Great Movie Lovers	405

	Impersonation of Their Personal Jobs406 Impersonation of Various Things
	in Operation406
Chapter Sixty	Ideas From the Jerry Valley Show407 The Rhythmic-Breathing Hypnotising
	Method408 Some Jerry Valley Hypnotism Show
	Routines
Chapter Sixty-One	Ideas From the Pat Collins Show413 The "Progressing to Sleep" Hypnotising
	Method414
	The "Hot Seat" Test416
	Sexy Reactions416
	The "Missing Finger" Test417
	Serious Hypnosis Consideration417
	Concluding Her Show417
Chapter Sixty-Two	Ideas From the Martin St James Show
	The "Triple Response" Induction420
	Hypnotic Handling in the
	Martin St James Stage Show421
Chapter Sixty-Three	Dr Flint's Hypnotic Routines Modernised425
Chapter Sixty-Four	A Compilation of Hypnotic Routines from
	Around the World
	Subjective Response To Routines
	Routining Your Show
	A Compilation of Successful Hypnotic
	Routines
	Odd and Even Hypnotic Experiments437
	Perform a "Three-Ring Circus"445
Chapter Sixty-Five	Sensational Hypnotic Feats
	The "Hypnotism Blood" Test449
	The "Human X-ray" Test450
	The "Heart and Pulse" Test451
	The "Pin Through the Flesh" Test452
	The "Flame-Resistance" Test452
	The Famous "Cataleptic Body-Rigid" Test453
	The Rock-Breaking Test456

Hypnotism Show Stagecraft		457
Chapter Sixty-Six	Staging the Hypnotism Show	459
1 5	Show Time	
	The Chairs	459
	The Curtains	460
	The Lights	461
	The Mike	
	The Music	464
	Sound Effects	464
	Special Stage Effects	464
Chapter Sixty-Seven	Mechanical Aids for the Hypnotism Show	467
	The Hypnotic Wand	467
	Hypnotising with a Flashlight	469
	Hypnograph Buttons	
	The Hypnotic Spiral	471
	The Rhythmic Light	
	Electrical Hypnotism	
	The Audio Oscillator	
	The Brainwave Synchroniser	
	The Brainwave Synchroniser Stage Show	
	Hypnotism Method	474
Chapter Sixty-Eight	Additional Aids to the Hypnotism Show	481
1 0 0	Stage Accessories	
	Stage Assistants	
	Performing Clothes	
	A Before-the-Show Exercise	
	The Hypnotic Gaze	482
	The Magnetic Bowl of Water	
	The Taste-Test Secret	483
	Perfumes and Incense	484
	Challenge Hypnotism	484
	Hypnotising a Vase of Flowers	487
Hypnotism Show Mis	cellany	489
Chapter Sixty-Nine	Hypnotising Animals	491
, ,	Animal Hypnotism Showmanship	
Chapter Seventy	Hypnotrix	495
1 5	Protecting Your Hypnotic Eyes	
	A Clever Way to Gain Rapport	

	Making it Impossible for a Subject to	
	Rise from His Chair	
	Making it Impossible for a Subject to	10.6
	Rise from the Floor	
	Making a Bug Crawl Around in a	107
	Subject's Ear	
	Making a Subject Lose His Sense	
	of Direction	
	Making a Subject Faulty in his	100
	Observation	
	Making a Subject Lose His Sense of Tast Making it Impossible for a Subject to	e498
	Bend His Leg	498
	Making it Impossible for a Subject to	
	Stand Up	499
	The Hypnoheat Method	
	Comments on the Mercuric Chloride	
	Method of Hypnotising by	
	Barry Brilliant, MA	499
	Grant's Hypnotism Over Earphones	
	Grant & Hypriousin e ver Eurphones	
Chapter Seventy-One	The Dr Q Hypnotic Act	
	Introduction	
	The Dr Q Direct Cue Method	
	Dr Q's Hypnotic Routine	
Chapter Seventy-Two	Hypnotism in the Nightclub Field	513
1 5	Nightclub Performing Situation	
	Nightclub Hypnotising	
	Hypnotism and Alcohol	
	Nightclub Showmanship	
	0 1	
Hypnotism Show Bus	iness	519
Chapter Seventy-Three	Advertising the Hypnotism Show	
	Newspaper Advertising	
	Window Cards and Posters	
	Newspaper Stories	
	Photo-mat Press Releases	
	Newspaper Interviews	
	Magazine Articles	530

Chapter Seventy-Four	Hypnotism Publicity Miracles	537
1 0	The "Window Sleep" via TV or Radio	
	Other Hypnotic Publicity Stunts	548

In Conclusion		551
Chapter Seventy-Five	How to Avoid Hypnotic Lawsuits	553
Chapter Seventy-Six	The Stage Hypnotist and Hypnotherapy The American Medical Association	559
	and the Hypnotism Show	
Chapter Seventy-Seven	The After-the-Show Show	
1 0	The Performance of Yoga Nidra	563
	The Formula of Yoga Nidra	
	Returning from Yoga Nidra	
	Exit! Exit! Exit!	

Appendix I: The Sensational Gil Boyne Hypnotism Stage Show	573
Complete Presentation and Routines	573
The Gil Boyne Show	573
Gil Boyne's Rapid Stage Hypnotism Induction	
Hypnosis Deepening	576
On Into the Show	
The Posthypnotic Topper	591

Appendix II: The "State of the Art" in 1996	593
Now the Bits You Don't See on TV by Paul McKenna	593

Bibliography603
Ormond McGill's Self-Realisation Audio Cassettes605

Preface

FASCINATION. From time immemorial Mankind, under one name or another, has been fascinated by hypnotism. Like magic, hypnotism is shrouded with mystery for it presents the magic of the mind, and this is the most astonishing magic in the world. It is the magic of YOU. Stage hypnotism ranks among the most wonderful entertainment mediums for it is entertaining, with you observing others doing what you could do. It is a very personal form of entertainment. This book shows you how to become a master of that entertainment.

Every journey commences by taking the first step. Stage hypnotism is no exception to this fact. *The New Encyclopedia of Stage Hypnotism* maps your way to mastery of the art. Part One gives you the "know how" of mastering Hypnotism. It provides some background in understanding hypnotism and suggestion, and shows you how to develop hypnotic power. Then it takes you along, step-to-step, in learning how to hypnotise, and tells you what to do. Then you must put into practice what you learn, for with experience comes expertness. Part Two of the book shows you how to use that expertness to entertain with hypnotism.

The ability to hypnotise flawlessly comes with practice. The importance of practice in hypnotising cannot be over-emphasised. For that purpose, your first objective is to obtain subjects who are interested in your work and are willing to experiment with hypnosis. Through application you become skilled in the technique.

The New Encyclopedia of Stage Hypnotism teaches you both how to hypnotise and how to present a hypnotism show. Even though you have never hypnotised in your life, if you follow these instructions you will succeed and will become a hypnotic entertainer.

You will find these instructions combine the practical with the scientific. You learn to hypnotise by a gradual approach of advancing from experiments in waking hypnosis on to the deeper phenomena of hypnosis. This is a sensible way to learn hypnotism as the lighter stages of hypnosis are more readily induced than are the deeper trance stages (with most people).

Training by this progressive method of hypnotising shows the new students how to effectively use suggestion while you train your subject(s) in how to be hypnotised. By following this procedure of performing simple tests first, you will find you will be able to hypnotise more people successfully, as through this handling your subjects will gain confidence in your ability, and you will gain confidence in yourself.

ADVANCE THROUGH THESE FIVE STEPS:

1. Knowledge of hypnotism

Be sure you understand what you are to do before attempting to hypnotise anyone. Go about your work in a competent manner so it is obvious that you know what you are doing.

2. Perseverance

Success in hypnotising comes with experience in hypnotising. As a new student, do not expect to hypnotise everyone you try. You may succeed immediately with the very first person or you may not. If you do not succeed at once keep right on trying, for as sure as the sun shines you will eventually find a subject who responds. So persevere. You cannot fail if you follow these instructions carefully. And once you have hypnotised one or two persons you will soon find that you can influence the majority with whom you work.

3. The first hypnosis

Hypnotising successfully your first subject is the initial goal you must achieve. Just keep in mind that a good hypnotist might possibly try ten persons and not hypnotise one of them for a variety of reasons depending upon the situation. On the other hand, with different people under a different situation, the whole group might be hypnotised. You must learn to expect this variation in responsiveness. In time you will minimize it.

In this training, learn your processes as well as you do your ABCs. Then proceed directly to practising with people, as often as you can. You are bound to succeed. Once the ice has been broken and you have successfully hypnotised a few persons, you will have confidence in yourself, and you will be amazed at your own success.

4. Understanding the power of suggestion

The skillful use of suggestion is the "key" to effective hypnotising as it is both the means of producing the state of hypnosis and of controlling the state it produces. Indeed, it is the key to understanding hypnotism, as hypnotism is a hyper-suggestible state of mind. In such regard, speak positively and directly to your subjects. In this text, careful attention is given to how to present suggestions that influence, i.e. the power of suggestion.

5. You cannot fail

If you perform correctly, there is no such word as fail. Study conscientiously and you will be on your way to a successful career in hypnotism.

> Ormond McGill Palo Alto, CA 1993

Chapter Fifteen The Ormond McGill Method

This is my personal method of hypnotising that I have used for years. It will serve to advance your knowledge of how to hypnotise and give you additional techniques.

Have the subject take a seat and relax back. Take a position about two feet in front of him, and request him to look directly into your right eye. Indicate the eye into which he is to stare with a gesture of your hand. You, in turn, stare back at him, focusing your gaze directly upon his right eye. Tell him not to allow his gaze to wander, and to concentrate upon every thought you give him.



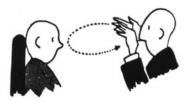
NOTE TO HYPNOTIST: This right eye to right eye handling is effective, as it maintains a one-point focus while allowing you the opportunity to observe that the attention of the subject is unwavering.

The underlying secret that makes this method so productive of positive results is that, in its process, the hypnotist mildly hypnotises himself as he entrances his subject. Thus he experiences the same effect from the suggestions that the subject is experiencing and accordingly is able to properly time the presented suggestions.

Also, this process tends to place the hypnotist and subject in rapport with each other. As the hypnotist presents each suggestion series to the subject, he concentrates upon same in his own mind, visualising that he is projecting the sensation-ideas right along with the suggestive-words.

As an example of this handling: let's say you have come to the point where the eyes of the subject are becoming tired. You experience the tiredness in your own eyes, so you give and think your suggestions to the subject in direct relationship to how you feel yourself. Each reinforces the other. And, as you present the suggestions, you visualise a mental picture in your mind of what is occurring to the subject. With this understanding of the introspective aspects of this method you are ready to proceed with the hypnotising of the subject.

Suggest to the subject: "As you look into my eye, you will begin to feel a pleasant calm creeping over you as you release tension from all the muscles of your body. Relax the muscles of your head and face right on down through the muscles of your neck and shoulders. Every muscle of your entire body is relaxing, right down to your feet. You are becoming relaxed and calm. You are quiet and peaceful. You are becoming relaxed all over. All is quiet and serene. It is just as though a heavy velvet cloak were being draped over you. All is so quiet and calm."



As you give your suggestions, make short slow passes downward in the direction of your subject. Perform these in a sort of downward ellipse, starting with both hands in near to your face, then bringing the hands out and downward towards your subject, and completing the elongated circle by bringing your hands back again towards your face.

Make these passes unobtrusive, more to emphasise your subject's attention to your eye and suggestions than to cause notice of themselves.

Proceed with your suggestions: "Your eyes are becoming fixed ... set upon mine." Make a gesture from his right eye to yours. "How tired your eyes are beginning to feel. The lids are becoming heavy; they want to blink and close. How you want to close those tired eyes. But they will not close yet because they are set – looking directly into my eye. How your eyes burn and smart. How you want to close your eyes – they burn and smart. All right, let them close and get relief. I will count slowly from one to ten. With every count your eyes will get heavier and heavier until by the time I reach ten, or before, they will be tightly closed.

"Ready now ... one ... two ... your eyes are getting so very, very heavy they are beginning to close. Three. How heavy your eyelids are, you can scarcely keep them open a moment longer. Your eyes are closing. Four, five. Let your tired eyes close now. It feels so good to close those tired eyes. Six, seven. That's it ... close your eyes now. Eight, Nine, *ten*! Eyes closed ... all down tight together shutting out the light. Your eyes closed tight!"

NOTE TO HYPNOTIST: Time the giving of these suggestions to the manner in which your own eyes feel. Likewise, time in accordance to the reaction you observe in the subject as his eyelids wink, blink and droop. By the time you reach the count of "ten" his eyes should be tightly closed. If they are not, gently close the lids with your fingertips, as you suggest: "Close your tired eyes now, and let them rest."

Continue ...

"How good it feels to close those tired eyes. It feels so good to rest them. They are shut tightly together, and are shutting tighter and tighter. So tight that they are stuck together. They are stuck so tightly that they will not open anymore. They are stuck shut together. Stuck tight!"

Place your right thumb in the centre of subject's forehead, and push downward towards the root of his nose, while gripping, at the same time, his right wrist in your left hand. Suggest: "You cannot open your eyes now no matter how hard you try. They are fastened tightly together. See how tightly they are shut. Try and open them but you cannot!"

The subject will try in vain to open his eyes; his eyebrows will rise and fall, but the eyelids will remain tightly shut. After the subject has tried to open his eyes for a few seconds, continue ... "It's all right, just forget about your eyes ... just let them rest ... and let yourself rest ... and go to sleep now. Just rest and go sound asleep. Go sound, sound asleep. Your eyes are resting, you are resting, and you are going sound asleep. So sleep!"



Now step behind your subject and make stroking passes over his forehead from the centre outward towards the temples.

Continue this stroking action, as you suggest: "Everything is becoming quiet and calm. You are so quiet and calm. You are so drowsy and sleepy. So just go sound asleep right now. It feels so good. Everything is fading away. You are going to sleep, down into deep sleep. Down, down deep asleep. Things are all getting farther and farther away, even my voice is getting farther away and, as it becomes more and more distant, you sink down deeper and deeper into sleep."

Chapter Forty-Three Hypnotic Tips and Bits

This chapter will provide a résumé of hypnotic knowledge to give you expertise in the art, fill you with vitality, provide additional instructions and function as a transition featuring entertainment with hypnotism plus a bibliography. All the material is important to your developing professional status as a hypnotist.

Use Preliminary Experiments

Generally speaking, in working with a group, before you try for trance phenomena, it is well to commence with some of the waking suggestion experiments you have learned such as drawing the subject backwards, locking hands together, etc. In doing so, explain that before you hypnotise anyone you wish to ascertain which of the subjects can concentrate best, and work with as many subjects as possible in these preliminary tests before you attempt to induce hypnosis. This is expert handling and provides you with an opportunity to locate who among the group are the most susceptible subjects. Use these subjects for your first experiments in hypnosis as leaders of the group. There is good psychology here as your success in hypnotising your first subjects will bring you success with the others as well.

Establish Confidence

Whenever it is possible, let a new subject see you hypnotise someone whom you have hypnotised previously before you try to influence him. This immediately develops the potential subject's confidence in your ability to hypnotise and gives him an appreciation of the art. Success begets success!

Do Not Boast

Nobody likes an egotist. Always approach your work as a hypnotist in a modest, confident manner. To boast of your ability is to develop a challenging attitude in your subjects and can undermine the success of your performance. Adopt the manner of the successful physician.

Keep Your Promises

Never have your subject(s) do anything you promised they would not do. Some persons will request that, if they are hypnotised you will not make them do embarrassing acts. When you promise to follow their wishes, always honour that trust.

Use Deepening Techniques

Refer to Chapter Thirty-Four for deepening techniques. Processes such as Revolving the Head, Compounding of Suggestions, Fractional Hypnotism etc. are valuable. Incorporate such processes into the methods of hypnotising you elect to use.

Gradation of Responses

It is easier to deceive the sense of taste than it is the senses of sight and hearing. A suggestion that the subject will experience a bitter taste in his mouth is much more certain to work than one that he will see a landscape unfolding before him when he opens his eyes. This principle of progressively arranging the hallucinations from the simpler to the more complex is important in developing a new subject.

Illusions versus Hallucinations

It is easier to make a subject believe that one object is another object (as an illusion) than it is to make him believe that an object exists in empty space (as an hallucination). For example, you can make him see a blue carpet as a pool of water more easily than you can an elephant in an empty room. Use this device of utilising a stimulating object resembling the suggested illusion when first creating optical deceptions.

Producing Anaesthesia

If you prick your subject with a pin he will feel and react to it unless you suggest that a certain area of his skin is immune to all pain. Run your fingers over an area of his arm as you suggest: "All sensation is leaving your arm. It is numb and cold. You will feel nothing in it whatsoever." Then prick it with a sharp sterile needle, and the puncture will be completely

ignored if your subject is deeply hypnotised. Refer to Sensational Hypnotic Feats.

Complete Body Catalepsy

Large groups of muscles can be made cataleptic as well as smaller muscle groups. For such a demonstration, after you have placed the subject in hypnosis, have him stand up straight and tell him that the muscles of his entire body are becoming stiff and rigid, so stiff and rigid that they will not bend. As you give these suggestions, make passes over his body, pressing in here and there on the muscles of his arms, legs and chest as though to tighten them, and say: "You are absolutely rigid." Then suggest emphatically: "Rigid!" Your subject will become stiff like a pole and be unable to bend in any direction. You have produced a condition of complete body catalepsy.

When you are ready to remove the cataleptic state, tell him that his muscles are now beginning to loosen and relax and are becoming flexible and normal in every way. When his muscles are again relaxed, awaken him, and the experiment is complete. Refer to Volume Two, Chapter Eighteen for presentational details of this feat.

Pressing Upon the Eyelid to Induce Hypnosis

When the eyes of the subject are closed, steady pressure applied at the corners of the eyes, near the root of the nose, will often assist in bringing about hypnosis.

Using a Combination of Methods to Induce Hypnosis

Hypnosis may be induced by suggestion, bright objects, passes, etc. A combination of processes will usually hypnotise more persons than any single device. Refer to Chapter Thirty-Six for ninety-five techniques.

Keeping Others from Influencing Your Subjects

If you do not wish anyone else to hypnotise your subject, simply put him into a deep sleep and tell him that he cannot be hypnotised by anyone but you, unless he first says the words, "*Zam*, *zam*" (or any word cue

"The most extensive work yet published on the subject of stage hypnotism. Ormond, widely recognised in North America as the Dean of Stage Hypnotism has truly excelled himself in providing such a comprehensive work. I would strongly recommend this book to anyone contemplating a career in this field and I would also recommend it to all those who wish to improve their skills. Truly a goldmine of knowledge."

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"This phenomenal work by the "Dean of American Hypnotists" has been out of print for over a decade. It is not only the most comprehensive book ever to be published on stage hypnotism, it also has widespread therapeutic applications as well. Now totally revised, I am convinced from my experience that there are large portions of the book that contain work never previously published. In it the author totally demystifies hypnosis and dispels many of the myths associated with it. I am confident that even the most experienced practitioner of hypnosis will gain new skills from this important work."

Martin Roberts Ph.D.



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